



**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

KANANURA NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL

HOLIDAY PACKAGE – MARCH,2020

SUBJECT : ALL SUBJECTS

CLASS : PRIMARY SIX

NAME : _____

INSTRUCTIONS

- Read the questions carefully.
- Remember to write your full name.

CIVIC AND MORAL

Answer all questions

Choose the correct answer and write its letter.

1. _____means performing actions that show care for human dignity in the society.
A. Cooperation B. respect C. love D. proud
2. The persons who are in situation that limit them to perform daily activities are called____
A. Special group B. refugees C. disabilities D. handicapped people
3. The situation of being male or female are known as_____
A. Sex B. gender C. sexism D. social-gender
4. The group of people with blood relations and who live together is called_____
A. Society B. community C. nation D. family
5. The employment of children in any work that pushes them away from their childhood____
A. Street children B. child labour C. special need D. child abuse
6. The process of using illegal and harmful drugs like cocaine and heroin is called_____
A. Drug abuse B. drug C. drug abuser D. stimulation
7. _____are aspects of culture inherited from the past and passed from one generation to another.
A. Culture B. custom C. traditions D. values
8. _____is a woman whose husband has passed away.
A. A widow B. widower C orphan D. bachelor
9. The symbol which represent traditional weapons for defence of the country is_____
A. Crossed axe and hoe B. shield and spear C. red ribbon D. uhuru torch
10. _____commemorating the death of the first president of the revolutionary government of Zanzibar.
A. 7th/4 every year B. 8th/4 every year C. 7th/5 every year D. 7th/6 every year
11. The small administrative unit which is made up of several villages or streets is called____
A. A ward B. hamlet C. division D. council
12. Love, unity and respect are _____
A. Basic needs in a family B. Pillars of family stability C. Extra things in life D. Special things in a family
13. A child is a person whose age is _____
A. More than ten years B. Less than twenty years C. Less than eighteen years D. More than eighteen years

14. What does the national symbol identify? _____

- A. Our schools B. Tanzania citizens C. people of our country D. our nation

15. Who is the executive leader dealing with leadership and administrative activities in a region? _____

- A. Regional commissioner B. Regional education officer C. Regional administrative secretary D. Regional director

16. The system of income and expenditure of people in a country is called _____

- A. culture B. economy C. entrepreneur D. wealth

17. The major resource in any nation is _____

- A. Forests B. land C. wildlife D. water

18. All city council meetings are led by _____

- A. Chairperson B. mayor C. executive director D. member of parliament

19. Food eating taboos is an element of culture which should be _____

- A. Maintained B. discarded C. improved E. inherited by other generations

20. One of cultural values with positive aspects is _____

- A. Gender discrimination B. Polygamy C. Cooperation among the members of the public D. Inheritance of women

21. Work is any activity that _____

22. Tanganyika united with Zanzibar to make Tanzania in _____

23. The committee, which advises the school head teacher is _____

24. The government leader at ward level is _____

25. What does the picture of a man and a woman on the coat of arms show? _____

26. Mention member of the East African Community countries

_____, _____, _____, _____
_____, _____

27. The tradition of inheritance of widows is bad because it contributes in the spread of the disease called _____

28. The traditional dress of Maasai is _____

29. A dirty environment can cause _____

30. We celebrate farmers day on _____

Read the passage below and answer the following questions.

Good governance is a situation where leadership is participatory in nature and does not involve oppression and exploitation. It is a form of leadership in which leaders cooperate the community in decision making process. At school level, good governance can be described as situation in which the school leadership and administration cooperate the entire school community in the decision making process.

Good governance in the society is indicated by the following, leaders ensure that there is proper division of labour; resources are equally shared by all community members and community members participate in decision making processes on matters related to development.

Questions.

31. What is good governance? _____
32. List one indicator of good governance _____
33. What can be done to strengthen good government at school level? _____
34. Suggest the title of the passage _____
35. Who is a leader? _____

Study the pictures and answer questions that follow.



A.



B.



C.

36. Name the kind of drug abuse on the picture **B** _____
37. What method used in taking drug abuse indicated by letter **C**. _____
38. What children are doing above _____?
39. Suggest one effect of taking drug abuse in the pictures **B** and **C** _____
40. The organization that is responsible to overcome this action is called _____

Fill in the blanks

41. What is self-concern _____?
42. The act of making inquiries and investigations on different matters for the purpose of getting knowledge is known as _____
43. What is the main function of WDC _____?
44. List one advantage of school emblem _____
45. Write one reason for seeking advice _____

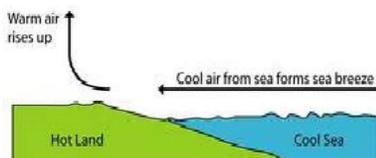
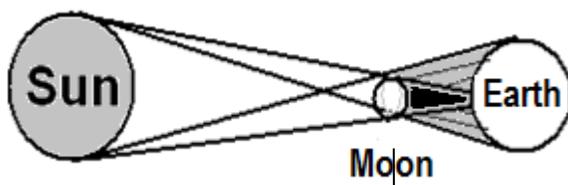
SOCIAL STUDIES

Answer all questions

Choose the correct answer and write its letter.

- The following are ways used to preserve the environment except_____
A. Planting trees B. afforestation C. population control D. bushfire
- Tanganyika African National Union and Zanzibar Afro Shiraz Part merged to become Chama cha Mapinduzi in which year? _____
A. 1999 B. 1977 C. 1997 D. 1978
- The process of transforming information from one generation to another through the word of mouth is called _____
A. Archives B. oral tradition C. attires D. story
- Which of the following is believed by some scientist to be a dwarf planet _____
A. mercury B. Pluto C. Venus D. Uranus
- The situation whereby water of the sea overflow the usual limit is known a _____
A. low tide B. high tide C. tides D. floods.
- The third president of Tanzania was known as _____
A. Mwalimu Nyerere B. Jakaya Kikwete C. Benjamin Mkapa D. Alli Hassan Mwinyi
- TANU as a political party was formed in _____
A. 7th Aug 1954 B. 7th July 1954 C. 7th Sept, 1954 D. 7th March, 1954
- The side of a mountain which doesn't receive rainfall is known as _____
A. the leeward side B. windward side C. escarpments D. crater.
- The land breeze occur in the _____
A. night B. day C. morning D. afternoon
- _____ is used to measure pressure in the atmosphere
A. anemometer B. wind vane C. barometer D. rain gauge
- One of the following factors influences vegetation of an area _____
A. pressure B. soil fertility C. social services D. machine
- The study of weather is called _____
A. meteology B. climate C. weather D. anemometer

13. The symbol of the nation that shows peace and love of people of Tanzania_____
- A. The President's flag B. the court of arms C. freedom torch D. the union flag
14. Maji maji war was fought to resist Germany brutality in Tanganyika, involving the following tribes, except_____
- A. Matumbi B. wapogoro C. Wangindo D. wangoni
15. Culture means; _____. A. Traditional and customs B. shows art C. language spoken by a society
- D. the total ways of life of people living in a country
16. How many countries established the organization of Africa Unity? _____
- A. 28 B. 35 C. 65 D. 63
17. The king who collaborated with the British in the Ndebele war was called _____
- A. Luhanika B. Opobo C. Lobengula D. Zwangendaba
18. The first Europeans to enter Tanganyika came from: _____
- A. Oman B. Britain C. Germany D. Portugal
19. The natural gas is found in _____. A. Kilwa B. Madaba C. Songosongo D. Mchinga
20. One of the hazards that is caused by both natural forces and human activities is _____
- A. Volcanic eruption B. Tsunami C. Tropical D. Soil erosion
21. The first foreign traders in Tanganyika came from _____
- A. America B. North America C. Asia D. Europe
22. Which of these people are not matched correctly? _____
- A. Carl Peters (GEACO) B. William Mackinnon (IBEACO)
- C. Chief Mkwawa (Hehe leader)
- D. Richard Tunbull (First British governor to Tanganyika)
23. What kind of eclipse is represented below? _____



24. This diagram above represents _____
25. The farthest point of the earth from the sun is known as _____
26. Car Peters and De Brazza signed false treaties in _____
 A. Tanganyika and Kenya
 B. Congo and Namibia C. Tanganyika and Congo D. Congo and Rwanda.
27. Solar eclipse occurs when the _____
28. Weather changes in the world have been influenced by _____
 A. unplanned burning of waste matter B. cutting down trees and burning
 C. building of industries in towns D. increase of aircrafts
29. The domestic responsibilities like fetching water, firewood collection, home cleanliness and cooking are for _____
30. Mention two organs deal with protection of women rights
 _____, _____

Study the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

The term invasion refers to a situation whereby one country's army goes into another country to take control of it by force. The invasion of African countries started long time ago. For example, in Tanganyika the process of invasion was first done by the Germans in 1880's especially after Berlin Conference of November 1884-1885. The Germans did not end the invasion of Tanganyika. In 1919, the British invaded Tanganyika too.

The contemporary invasion of African countries involves developed countries like European and some Asian countries to attack Africans without knowing that they are being invaded. This invasion touches different aspects of Africans such as political, economic social and cultural categories.

Questions

31. How did European nations invade _____
32. The Berlin conference held in which year? _____
33. In Tanganyika the process of invasion was first done by the _____
34. What is invasion? _____
35. British invaded Tanganyika in which year? _____

Study the following picture and answer questions.



A



B



C

Questions.



Cutting boards with chainsaws, as shown here, wastes significant amounts of wood. Reduced impact logging programs promotes more efficient techniques.

D

36. According to the picture letter C, which activity causes environment degradation?

37. Write one effect of the activity done in the picture letter A _____

38. Which tool is the man using in picture letter D _____

39. What do you think should be done to restore the affected area in the picture letter B _____

40. List one advantage of the activity in the picture D _____

Fill in the blanks.

41. _____ is the height from the sea level.

42. The common unit of measurement which is used to quantify the contour lines is known as a _____

43. The Hehe resistance was led by _____

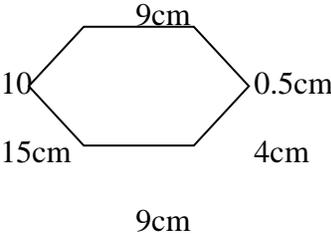
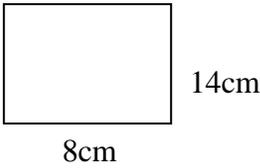
44. Sir Richard Burton was sent to Africa to seek the source of _____

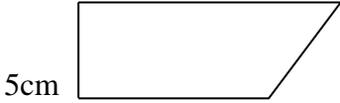
45. _____ is an organism that killed and eaten by another organism.

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

Answer all questions

NO.	QUESTIONS	WORKING PLACE	ANSWER
1	$2225 + 334 =$		
2	$8602 - 720 =$		
3	$950 \times 14 =$		
4	$444 \div 4 =$		
5	$6.44 + 5.34 =$		
6	$89.3 - 35.05 =$		
7	$15.5 \times 1.2 =$		
8	$0.50 \div 0.2 =$		
9	$4 \frac{1}{2} + 3 \frac{2}{4} =$		
10	$6 \frac{1}{2} - 3 \frac{2}{3} =$		
11	$3 \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} =$		
12	$8 \frac{2}{5} \div 4 \frac{8}{12} =$		
13	Convert $\frac{3}{20}$ into percentage		
14	Change $10 \frac{1}{2}$ into decimal		
15	Convert $5 \frac{1}{4} \%$ into decimal		
16	Find the value of $2^2 + 60 - 2$		
17	Write 409 in roman numbers		
18	Find the square of 20		
19	Find the LCM of 30 and 40		

20	Find the HCF of 16 and 33	
21	Write all multiple of 5 less than 20	
22	Write the factors of 48	
23	$X - 7 = 35$ find X	
24	Write DXCIX in Arabic numbers	
25	Write all prime numbers between 30 and 40	
26	Write all even numbers between 40 and 50	
27	Write sh 5,003/= in words	
28	Fill in the missing numbers 4, 9, 16, _____; _____, _____	
29	Work out $3M = 27$. Find 'M'	
30	Find the perimeter 	
31	Find the area 	
32	Find the square root of 324	
33	Add 60cm, 12cm, 17cm, 50cm, 15cm = m	
34	Multiply 6kg 400g by 2	

35	Change 4 years into weeks		
36	Find the average of the following weight 10kg, 3kg, 9kg, 25kg and 15kg		
37	Write the difference of $\sqrt{900}$ and 25		
38	Change 0.75 into fraction		
39	Work out $4(5x+2y)+3(2y+4x)$		
40	Find the sum of 150m, 50cm, 43cm and 30cm		
PART: B			
41	Find the area of the given figures <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>10cm</p>  <p>5cm</p> <p>7cm</p> </div>		
42	Find the product of 400 and 4		
43	The application fees in St. Thomas International school s 15,000.50. How much money was collected for 15 applicants?		
44	How much money do I need to buy the following items:- 3 pairs of trousers @ sh 17,000/=		
	2 pairs of shirts @ sh 32,000/=		
	4 pairs of socks @ sh 800 /=-		
	2 pairs of shoes @ sh 24,000/=		
45	Subtract 6 hrs 25 minutes from 2 hours 35 minutes		

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

Answer all questions

TENSES

1. The chapter _____ closed.
(a) Had been (b) has (c) have (d) had ()
2. The boys _____ football yesterday
(a) Play (b) plays (c) played (d) playing ()
3. At present the rains is _____ heavily
(a) Rains (b) rained (c) raining (d) rain ()
4. You have _____ your work nicely, you deserve credits
(a) Did (b) do (c) doing (d) done ()
5. They are _____ to play football match tomorrow.
(a) Go (b) going (c) goes (d) went ()
6. I _____ a lion yesterday
(a) Saw (b) seen (c) see (d) will see ()
7. If you don't eat, you _____ hungry tomorrow
(a) Will be (b) were (c) are (d) be ()
8. Careen and Janet are in the same height. Careen is _____ tall _____ Yusuf
(a) Same- as (b) different from (c) samelike (d) as.....as ()
9. Did you _____ to school last week?
(a) Go (b) goes (c) went (d) gone ()
10. She has _____ a letter to her friend
(a) Write (b) wrote (c) written (d) writes ()
11. It _____ in April and May.
(a) Rain (b) rains (c) will be raining (d) rained ()
12. The man _____ in the farm now
(a) dig (b) is digging (c) has dig (d) digs ()
13. It always _____ milk.
(a) Drink (b) drinks (c) drinking (d) drank ()
14. We always _____ our friends
(a) Visits (b) visited (c) visiting (d) visits ()

15. Can she _____ that work?
(a) Do (b) does (c) did (d) done ()

GRAMMAR

16. How _____ bags of salt do you have?
(a) More (b) many (c) much (d) the ()

17. _____ Maulid nor Hamis came to see me one month ago
(a) Either (b) Although (c) Neither (d) Despite

18. That dog can't hunt me _____?
(a) Can it (b) is it (c) will it (d) cant it ()

19. No one helped me, I did it _____
(a) Myself (b) together (c) only me (d) me as me ()

20. Kapanya has been in the same school since _____
(a) 10 years (b) many years (c) a week (d) 2005 ()

21. _____ you work hard, you will become rich.
(a) Ever (b) even if (c) so that (d) if ()

22. That is his book. It belongs to _____
(a) He (b) his (c) his book (d) him ()

23. That is the colour of the dress _____ I like most
(a) Which (b) that (c) whose (d) who ()

24. There is _____ in my pocket
(a) Anything else (b) somebody else (c) nobody else (d) nothing else ()

25. The cow walks _____
(a) Slowly (b) slowing (c) slow (d) slows ()

26. I met her _____ the way
(a) on (b) in (c) at (d) along ()

27. He asked the girl "How old are you? _____"
(a) eleven years (b) I am old than you (c) No I am not old (d) I am eleven years old.

28. We were thinking _____ going to grace next week
(a) For (b) about (c) of (d) with ()

29. We usually cut oranges _____ knife
(a) With (b) and (c) by (d) for using ()

30. Most of standard five pupils are found _____ English

- (a) At (b) in (c) on (d) of ()

VOCABULARY

31. Female parent is called _____
32. The word thrice means _____ times.
33. A young cat is called _____
34. The opposite of the word come _____
35. A place where milk is processed and sold is called _____

This section has five mixed sentences. Arrange the sentences so as to make a good composition by giving them letters A-E.

36. She was attacked by a crocodile and died immediately. _____
37. She jumped into the pool without reading the caution sign written “crocodiles inside. ___
38. It was a hot sunny and what Mary wanted was some water to cool her body ____.
39. She then saw a pool of water across the road . _____
40. One day. _____

Comprehension

Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow

Once upon time, there was a boy who used to steal chicken from his neighbors. One day he was caught stealing a very big chicken from an old woman, who lived all by herself. The boy was badly beaten by the villagers before being taken to the police station.

One of the policemen told the thief that, he was lucky that day and if he didn't change his behavior and stop stealing, he might end up being burnt alive.

The boy was asked if he knew that and he answered calmly, “Yes sir, I know that but because I am used to stealing, I can't stop immediately. In the past I used to steal one chicken a week. But from tomorrow I'll steal one a month. In this way, by the next year I will have stopped being a thief.”

QUESTIONS

41. After the boy was beaten by the villagers, where was he taken to?. _____
42. The suitable word to replace the word “change” as used in the passage can be _____
43. How many chickens did he steal per week? _____
44. What do we learn from the story? _____
45. What is title for this passage? _____

38. Tembea upesi _____

Andika maneno yanayofanana na maneno haya

39. Kuongea _____

40. Matatizo _____

Soma barua ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali

S/ M Mambalimba

S. L. P 2015,

Songea

10, Januari, 2020

Rafiki mpendwa Diana,

Salaamu sana.

Ni matumani yangu kuwa wewe ni mzina wa afya njema. Mimi na rafiki zangu pia hatujambo.

Lengo kubwa la kukuandikia barua hii ni kutaka kukujulisha habari za huku. Shuleni kwetu siku hizi tumeanza mazoezi ya mpira wa netiboli kuanzia alasiri siku za Jumatatu na Ijumaa. Tutakuwa na mchezo wa kirafiki na shule ya kisiwani wiki ijayo. Tunategemea kushinda kuendana na mazoezi tuliyonayo.

Wasalimie rafiki zako Kiwandai na Juliana. Unasalimiwa na rafiki zangu Belinda na Jeremia.

Wasaalam,

Rafiki yako Chausiku

Maswali:

41. Nani mwandikaji wa barua hapo juu? _____

42. Nini dhumuni ya barua hiyo? _____

43. Ni lini siku za kufanya mazoezi? _____

44. Nakili anwani ya mwandikaji_____

45. Taja jina la mwandikiwa barua _____

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Choose the correct answer

1. Alveoli are found in the _____ []
a) Liver b) Small intestine c) Lungs d) Kidney
2. The filtration of urine takes place in the _____ []
a) Liver b) Lungs c) Urinary bladder d) Kidney
3. You cannot be infected with HIV through _____ []
a) Blood transfusion b) Eating with a person infected with HIV
c) Blood transfusion d) Sexual intercourse
4. The complete path of electricity is called _____ []
a) Electric circuit b) Electricity c) Electric live d) Switch
5. Anything that simplifies work is called _____ []
a) Machine b) Complex machine c) Energy d) Lever
6. A type of malnutrition which is caused by lack of vitamin D in the body is known as ____ []
a) Goiter b) Rickets c) Kwashiorkor d) Marasmus
7. The area around the magnet which has force to pull or push objects is known as ____ []
a) North pole b) South pole c) Magnetic mat d) Magnetic field
8. The female part of a flower is called _____ []
a) Petal b) Sepal c) Stamen d) Pistil
9. Blood vessels that carry blood to the heart are called _____ []
a) Arteries b) Veins c) Aorta d) Pulmonary
10. The tube that passes urine from the bladder to the outside the body is called ____ []
a) Ureter b) Fallopian c) Urethra d) Bladder
11. Which one among the following is not needed by the plant during photosynthesis ____ []
a) Carbon dioxide b) Oxygen d) Water d) Sunlight
12. All living organisms are made up of small living units called _____ []
a) Atoms b) Molecules c) Cells d) Zygote
13. Pancreas releases _____ which controls the amount of glucose in the body []
a) Insulin b) Iodine c) Alkali d) Glucose
14. In the digestive system food is absorbed in the _____ []
a) Stomach b) Small intestine c) Large intestine d) Colon

15. Among the following simple machine one has effort between load and fulcrum, which one is that?
 a) Claw hammer b) Wheel barrow c) Pair of scissors d) Broom []
16. The organ that pumps blood to all parts of the body is called ____
 a) Blood vessels b) Kidney c) Heart d) Lungs []
17. Which of the following is the function of testosterone hormone? ____
 a) Deepening of the voice b) Mains traction c) Pregnancy d) Egg production []
18. ____ attracts birds and insects which pollinate the flower
 a) Pistil b) Calyx c) Petal d) Sepal
19. Which among the following is not a chemical change? ____
 a) Ripening of fruits b) Rusting of iron c) Burning of wood []
 d) Formation of clouds and rainfall
20. An image formed on a plane mirror is due to? ____ []
 a) Refection of light b) Bending of light c) Sunlight energy
 d) Absorption of light
21. If we bathe in pool containing stagnant water we can get the following diseases ____
 a) Anemia b) Typhoid c) Bilharzias d) Malaria []
22. During dry seasons plants shed their leaves in order to ____
 a) Allow growth of new leaves b) Reduce water loss c) Increase soil fertility
 d) Increase the rate of evaporation []
23. Once HIV virus enters the body they attack and destroy ____
 a) Red blood cells b) Platelets c) Skin and the chest d) White blood cells []
24. Which one among the following types of food is digested right from the mouth? ____
 a) Carbohydrates b) Lipids c) Proteins d) Vitamin []
25. Which among the following is not a reason for providing first Aid? ____
 a) To save life b) To prevent hunger c) To stop pain []
 d) To prevent further injury
26. Which one of the following are the hardest elements? ____ []
 a) Copper b) Iron c) Gold d) Diamond
27. Mention three states of matter _____, _____, _____
28. The part of a seed that stores food for a germinating seed is ____
 a) Zygote b) Embryo c) Testa d) Cotyledon []
29. The lower chambers of the heart are called ____
 a) Auricle b) Ventricles c) Arteries d) Veins []
30. Which one of the following is not an endocrine gland ____
 a) Salivary gland b) Pituitary gland c) Thyroid gland d) Adrenal gland []

Matching items

NO.	LIST A	ANSWER	LIST B
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31	Sterile bees		A. Drones
32	Tests presence of starch		B. Workers
33	Sugar and salt solution		C. Vomiting
			D. Bilharzias
			E. Iodine
			F. Mathylated spirit

Fill in the gaps

34. The part of a plant where starch is manufactured is called _____
35. A powerful muscular organ that pumps blood around the body is called _____
36. Matter is made up of very small particles called _____
37. Nose to animals is like _____ To plants
38. Female gametes from the ovary reaches uterus through _____
39. _____. Is spread by culex mosquito
40. The period whereby menstruation cycle in women stops is known as _____
41. Caterpillar is a larva stage of _____
42. A picture or a copy formed behind a plane mirror is called _____
43. _____ under goes external fertilization
44. Nails get rust in presence of water and _____
45. Sound cannot travel in _____
46. Mention two types of simple machines _____,