



**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA**  
**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**KANANURA NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL**

**HOLIDAY PACKAGE – MARCH,2020**

**SUBJECT : ALL SUBJECTS**

**CLASS : PRIMARY FIVE**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_**

**INSTRUCTIONS**

- Read the questions carefully.
- Remember to write your full name.

**A. MATHEMATICS**

No	Questions	Working Space	Answer
	Write the following number in words.		
1.	420,418		
2.	3,800		
3.	148.71		
4.	148.3		
	Write the following numbers in numerals		
5.	Five hundred and fifty one hundredths		
6.	Forty five and one tenths		
7.	Seven hundred forty thousand, two hundred twenty seven.		
8.	Four hundred thirty thousand		

9.	Find the LCM of 3 and 12		
10.	Find the common multiples of 6 and 12		
11.	Find the value of $80^3$		
12.	Find the square root of 144		
13.	What is the sum of five even numbers		
14.	$\begin{array}{r} 447,534 \\ + 448,589 \\ \hline \end{array}$		

15.	$141 \times 39$		
16.	A pick of can carry 9000 oranges. If there are thirty oranges on a trunk, how many trunks of oranges does it carry.		
17.	$600 \overline{)980,962}$		
18.	$90.76 - 12.9$		
19.	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{8} =$		

20.	Multiple 406 by 203		
21.	What is the different between 924,568 and 295,877?		
22.	$\begin{array}{r} 260,470 \\ + 550,670 \\ \hline \end{array}$		
23.	What is the products of six exponent three and two exponent three?		
24.	$45^3$		
25.	16, 25, 36 _____, 64		

## **B. SCIENCE**

**Mention examples of the following groups of plants**

1. Desert plants

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

2. Water plants

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Flowering plants

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Non-flowering plants

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Mention four main factors of photosynthesis.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

iv. \_\_\_\_\_

v. \_\_\_\_\_

6. Write down the formula of photosynthesis

7. Give out two examples of plants which produce by

a) Spores

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

b) Bud

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

c) Suckers

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

d) Bulbils

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

8. The male part of the flower is known as \_\_\_\_\_

9. The male part of the flower is made up of \_\_\_\_\_  
and \_\_\_\_\_

10. Mention four agents of pollination.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

iv. \_\_\_\_\_

11. The collectively sepals are called \_\_\_\_\_

12. The collectively petals are called \_\_\_\_\_

13. Mention four activities which can pollute environment.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

iv. \_\_\_\_\_

14. There are \_\_\_\_\_ types of lens which are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
15. Convex lens \_\_\_\_\_ light rays while concave lens \_\_\_\_\_ light rays.
16. Calculate the total voltage in a series connection containing the following number of cells. Note that 1 cell has 1.5 volts.
- i. 3 cells
  - ii. 7 cells
  - iii. 5 cells
17. Like poles of magnets \_\_\_\_\_ each other.
18. The pencil appear broken when placed in a glass of water because of \_\_\_\_\_ of light.
19. Liquid changes to gas through the process called \_\_\_\_\_
20. \_\_\_\_\_ is the type of change where by no new substance is formed.

**C. ENGLISH**

1. Change the following sentences into future tense.

- i. The plane landed at 10:00.

\_\_\_\_\_

- ii. The bus leaves the bus stop (terminal) on Tuesday.

\_\_\_\_\_

- iii. We shall call him again.

\_\_\_\_\_

- iv. I am going to see my family at Moshi.

\_\_\_\_\_



2. Fill the blanks in the sentences below using the correct word from the box. (use since, in, by, for)

- i. She has been sleeping \_\_\_\_\_ morning.
- ii. I lived in Mwanza \_\_\_\_\_ twenty years.
- iii. My aunt has been working in America \_\_\_\_\_ 2000.
- iv. May I have your attention \_\_\_\_\_ two minutes?

3. Use the words in a box to fill the gaps.

Hair-dresser, barber, nanny, captain, engineer, mother, florist, aviation, architect

- i. A person whose job is to design and build engine is called \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. A person who cut, wash and shape hair is called a \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. A woman whose job is to take care of young children in the children's home is called \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. A person who sells flowers is called a \_\_\_\_\_

4. Relative pronouns.

Use, whom, whose, which and who where applicable.

- i. \_\_\_\_\_ are you buying that nice car for?
- ii. I know the man \_\_\_\_\_ son passed on.
- iii. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ bought a new thermos flask is coming.
- iv. This is the wise boy \_\_\_\_\_ planted trees on his father's land.
- v. \_\_\_\_\_ supermarket is this?

5. Use personal pronouns to fill in the blanks.

- i. Erick my brother \_\_\_\_\_ works in Ghana.
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_ have washed my clothes.

iii. Karim and Munila are my friends. \_\_\_\_\_ are twins.

iv. \_\_\_\_\_ is cold today.

6. Change the following sentences into simple present tense.

i. They watched a match on Monday.

\_\_\_\_\_

ii. He has not spoken to me.

\_\_\_\_\_

iii. Jefa jumped over the gate.

\_\_\_\_\_

iv. We breath in oxygen.

\_\_\_\_\_

v. Timo, take these papers to my office.

\_\_\_\_\_

#### **D. SOCIAL STUDIES**

**Answer the following questions**

1. What is an environment?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. What is museum?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. What is historical sites?

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4. What is anthropology?

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5. What is weather?

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6. What is wind?

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7. What is culture?

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8. What is craftsmanship?

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9. What is art?

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10. What is entertainment?

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**Fill in the blanks**

11. The nick name of Carl Peters was called \_\_\_\_\_

12. The Portuguese explorer Vasco Da Gama reached the coast of East Africa in \_\_\_\_\_

13. David Living Stone was sent to East Africa by \_\_\_\_\_

14. The first agents of colonialism to come in Tanganyika were \_\_\_\_\_

15. The first European to see Mount Kilimanjaro was \_\_\_\_\_

16. Mention three agents of colonialism.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

17. Write two examples of traders.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

18. Write six elements of weather

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

iv. \_\_\_\_\_

v. \_\_\_\_\_

vi. \_\_\_\_\_

19.a) What is archaeology?

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b) A person who deals with the study of archaeology is known as

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20. Draw the following pictures

a) Windvane

b) anemometer

### **E. CIVIC AND MORAL**

**Answer all questions by filling the gaps**

1. Mention two groups of people with special needs.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

2. Name two kinds of people with physical disabilities.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Mention two kinds of people with other problems apart from those with physical disabilities.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

4. What is the meaning of decent clothes?

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5. State two qualities of decent clothes.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

6. What are two main types of decent clothes?

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

7. What do we mean by voluntary activities?

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8. Volunteering means?

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9. The word tradition means?

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10. Mention two aspects of tradition.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

11. Mention two groups of the attires of Tanzania.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

12. Name two the traditional clothes of Tanzania.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

13. What do we mean by promoting national culture?

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14. State two the advantages of promoting the national culture.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

15. State use of the following national symbols.

a) National flag:

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

iv. \_\_\_\_\_

b) Coat of arms.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

16. National symbols means?

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17. Name two basic needs in the family.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

18. Tanganyika became independent on \_\_\_\_\_

19. Tanganyika and Zanzibar got United on \_\_\_\_\_

20. List down four national values of our country

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

c) \_\_\_\_\_

d) \_\_\_\_\_

**F. VOCATIONAL SKILLS**

Name six (6) items used when taking bath.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. What is puberty?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Name at least four hand sewing stitches.

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_



11. \_\_\_\_\_

Mention three areas where hair start growing on our bodies during puberty?

12. \_\_\_\_\_

13. \_\_\_\_\_

14. \_\_\_\_\_

List down three qualities of a well-groomed person.

15. \_\_\_\_\_

16. \_\_\_\_\_

17. \_\_\_\_\_

Mention three advantages of wearing school uniform.

18. \_\_\_\_\_

19. \_\_\_\_\_

20. \_\_\_\_\_

Mention two materials that girls can use during menstruation

21. \_\_\_\_\_

22. \_\_\_\_\_

23. The other name for tacking stitch is \_\_\_\_\_

Mention the examples of protective clothes.

24. \_\_\_\_\_

25. \_\_\_\_\_

26. \_\_\_\_\_

Name four methods of cooking food.

27. \_\_\_\_\_

28. \_\_\_\_\_

29. \_\_\_\_\_

30. \_\_\_\_\_

List down five reasons for cooking food.

31. \_\_\_\_\_

32. \_\_\_\_\_

33. \_\_\_\_\_

34. \_\_\_\_\_

35. \_\_\_\_\_

### G. KISWAHILI

#### SEHEMU A: SARUFI NA MATUMIZI YA LUGA

Jibu maswali yafuatayo kwa usahihi.

1. Wingi wa neno “udongo” ni upi? \_\_\_\_\_

2. “Mimi hula wali na kijiko”. Rekebisha sentensi hii.

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Kinyume cha neno “wachache” ni kipi? \_\_\_\_\_

4. Neno “MBAYUWAYU” lina silabi ngapi? \_\_\_\_\_

5. “Mwalimu wetu huwa anafundisha vizuri somo la Kiswahili”. Kanusha sentensi hii.

\_\_\_\_\_

6. “Wao ni wazazi wetu”. Hii sentensi ipo katika nafsi ya ngapi?

\_\_\_\_\_

7. “Bibi anatengeneza ungo”. Sentensi hii ipo katika wakati gani?

\_\_\_\_\_

8. Jua huzama upande gani? \_\_\_\_\_

9. Kuna irabu ngapi kwenye neno “KOFIA?” \_\_\_\_\_

10. Toa maana mbili ya neno "Paka"

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

### **SEHEMU B: LUGHA YA KIFASIHI**

**Kamilisha methali zifuatazo:**

11. \_\_\_\_\_ ndiye rafiki.

12. Mchumia juani \_\_\_\_\_.

**Tegua vitendawili vifuatavyo:**

13. Huku ng'o na huko ng'o \_\_\_\_\_

14. Mchana "uu" na usiku "uu". \_\_\_\_\_

**Toa maana ya nahau hii.**

15. Omba radhi \_\_\_\_\_

### **SEHEMU C: UFAHAMU**

**Soma shairi hili hapa chini kisha, jibu maswali 16-20.**

Baba ninakulaumu, shule hukunipeleka,  
Ningelikuwa hakimu, jela ningekupeleka,  
Ingekufaa hukumu, nyumbani ukaondoka,  
Shule hukunipeleka, baba ninakulaumu.

Na mimi ningalisoma, hadi mbali nikafika,  
Barua ningalisoma, na pia kuziandika,  
Lakini nimeshakwama, elimu imeponyoka,  
Shule hukunipeleka, baba ninakulaumu.

**Maswali.**

16. Shairi hili lina beti ngapi? \_\_\_\_\_
17. Andika kibwagizo cha shairi hili \_\_\_\_\_
18. Ni kwa nini mwandishi anamlaumu baba yake? \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
19. Ni mambo gani mwaandishi anasema angelisoma angeliweza kufanya?  
\_\_\_\_\_
20. Kichwa kizuri cha shairi hili ni  
\_\_\_\_\_

**SEHEMU D:UTUNGAJI**

**Panga sentensi zifuatazo ili zilete mtiririko mzuri wa mawazo kwa kuzipa herufi A,B,C,D,E kwenye mabano.**

21. James ndiye aliyetawala ukoo ule kwa muda mrefu. ( )
22. Ukoo huo ulikuwa na jamii zipatazo elfu moja na mia tano. ( )
23. Kutokana na uongozi wake mzuri, mara tatu alipotaka kujiuzulu, ndugu zake walimkatalia asijiuzulu. ( )
24. Ukoo mkubwa wa James ulikuwa ukiishi katika msitu mmoja karibu na kijiji cha Namtumbo Mkoani Ruvuma. ( )
25. James alikuwa Mzee kuliko ndugu zake wote wa ukoo wake. ( )